## Michigan Critical Access Hospital Quality Network

Strategy Group #1 Making Care Safer

As a premier system of quality, the Michigan Critical Access Hospital Quality Network (MICAH QN) will be a model in developing processes that demonstrate the high quality service provided by CAHs. MICAH QN will identify opportunities for change that lead to continued improvement in the health status of the population we serve.

### Objectives



Bring together MI CAHs to reflect and learn with each other



Understand and reflect on own organizations safety culture



Understand opportunities to enhance safety culture

### **Ground Rules**

- Case presented from CMS
   Statement of Deficiencies and
   Plan of Corrections Report.
- You might disagree with aspects of the case/findings, and that's okay, but we will not debate today.
- Our purpose is to learn by assess all events (our own and others) to identify ways to improve care.

### Plan

- Overview of Safety: Fair and Just Culture –
   10 minutes
- Swiss Cheese Model and Overview of Fatal Medication Error – 15 minutes
- Small Group Breakouts: Identify system failures – 15 minutes
- Large Group Report Out on System Failures –
   5 minutes
- Small Group Breakouts: What can WE do to prevent these system failures 15 minutes
- Large Group Report Out: 5 minutes
- Post Meeting: Resource Document



## Safety: Fair and Just Culture

### What is a Fair and Just Culture in Healthcare?

- Organizations commitment to treat healthcare workers fairly when a patient is harmed or nearly harmed.
- Improves patient safety by empowering employees to proactively monitor the workplace and participate in safety efforts in the work environment.
- Improving patient safety reduces risk by its <u>focus</u> on managing human behavior and redesigning systems.
- Promotes and exhibits a quality learning environment as a responsibility to <u>both</u> employees and patients.
- Allows staff to feel confident to speak up when events go wrong, rather than fearing blame.



# Threshold Investigation

What happened?
What normally happens?
What does procedure require? (If applicable)
Why did it happen?
How as the organization managing the risk?



## The Three Duties

Duty to Avoid Causing Unjustifiable Risk or Harm
□values-focused
□"conduct unbecoming"
Duty to Follow Procedural Rules
□reliability-focused
□"the recipe"
Duty to Produce Outcomes
☐ mission-focused
☐ "the cake"
7





**Human Error** 

Unintended conduct: inadvertently doing other than what was intended: a slip, lapse, or mistake

Action: Accept

AT-Risk Behavior

A choice where risk is not recognized or is mistakenly believed to be justified.

Action: Coach

Reckless

Conscious disregard of a substantial and unjustifiable risk of harm.

**Action**: Disciplinary Sanction

Knowledge

Knowingly causing harm (sometimes justified)

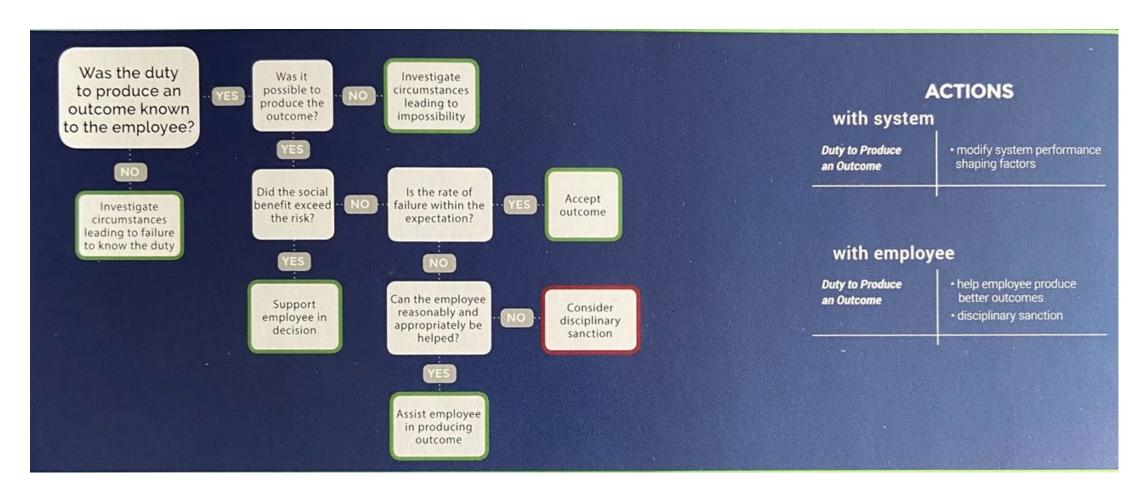
**Action:** Disciplinary Sanction

Purpose

A purpose to cause harm (never justified)

**Action**: Disciplinary Sanction

## Example of Just Culture Algorithm: Duty to Produce Outcomes





## Patient Safety Goal:

to assess all events (our own and others) to identify ways to improve care.

### Swiss Cheese Model

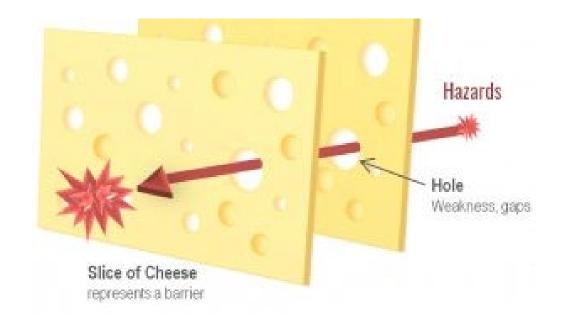
### The Institute of Medicine (IOM) report To Err Is Human: Building a Safer Health System (IOM, 2000)

identified medication errors as the most common type of error in health care

estimates at least <u>1.5 million Americans are injured by</u> medication errors every year.

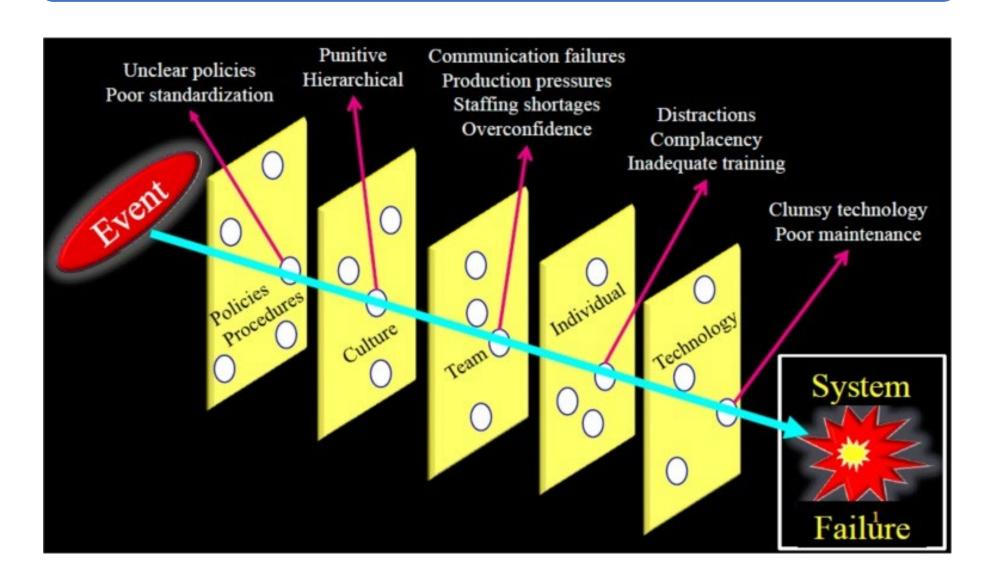
On average, <u>every hospitalized patient is subjected to at least one medication error every day</u>, and medication errors are estimated to account for over 7000 deaths in 1993.

National Library of Medicine: High Reliability Organizations—Medication Safety



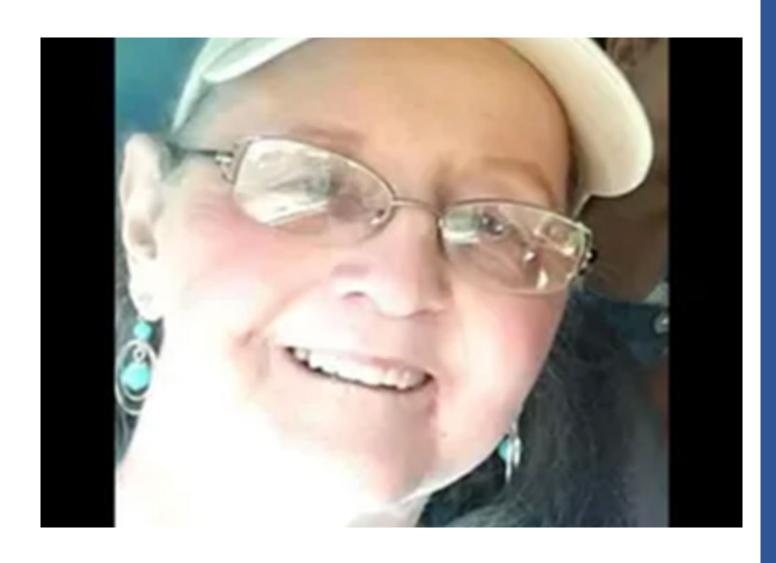
#### Dr. W. Edwards Deming

**94 percent** of variations observed in workers' performance levels have nothing to do with the workers. Instead, most of the performance variations are caused by the system, of which those people are but a part.





Fatal Medication Error



## Summary of Fatal Medication Error

#### Source:

CMS STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES AND PLAN OF CORRECTION VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER - 11/08/2018

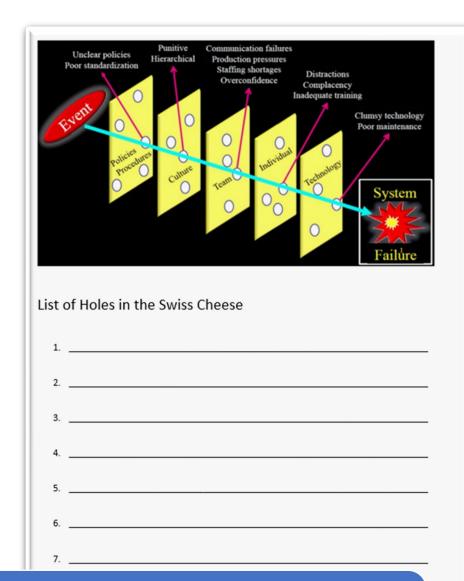
Tennessee Bureau of Investigation – State of Tennessee vs. Radonda L. Vaught CASE NO: 2019-A-76





### Small Group Work

Identify
SYSTEM FAILURES
with this medication
error



Dr. W. Edwards Deming

People can't perform better than the system allows

The most effective way to improve and avoid these problems is not to blame others or even yourself, but to improve the system.

### Learn From Each Other

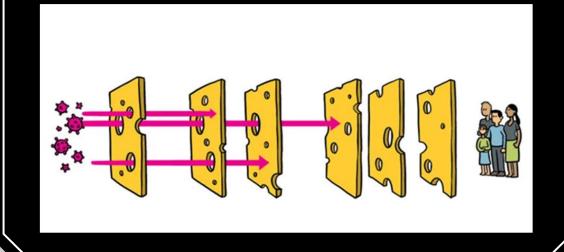
### WHAT ARE THE HOLES?





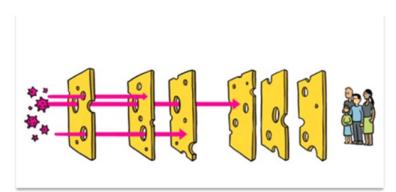


### CLOSING THE HOLES



### Small Group Work

What can hospitals do to prevent a like event?



List how we can CLOSE The Holes in the Swiss Cheese

1.	
2	

3.	

4	
٠.	

- 5. \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. \_\_\_\_\_
- 7.
- 8.

### Learn From Each Other

# HOW ARE WE CLOSING THE HOLES?

### Dr. W. Edwards Deming

People can't perform better than the system allows

The most effective way to improve and avoid these problems is not to blame others or even yourself, but to improve the system.

### Resources and Tools for you:

- The Institute of Medicine (IOM) report To Err Is Human: Building a Safer Health System (IOM, 2000)
- The Deming Philosophy, known as Dr. Deming's "theory of management" and later his "System of Profound Knowledge,"
- CMS STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES AND PLAN OF CORRECTION VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER 11/08/2018
- ➤ Tennessee Bureau of Investigation CASE NO: 2019-A-76
- ➤ Crystal will share with you the list of todays System Failures and identified ways to Prevent Failures.